

Utilizing Oracle Solaris Containers with Oracle Database

Björn Rost

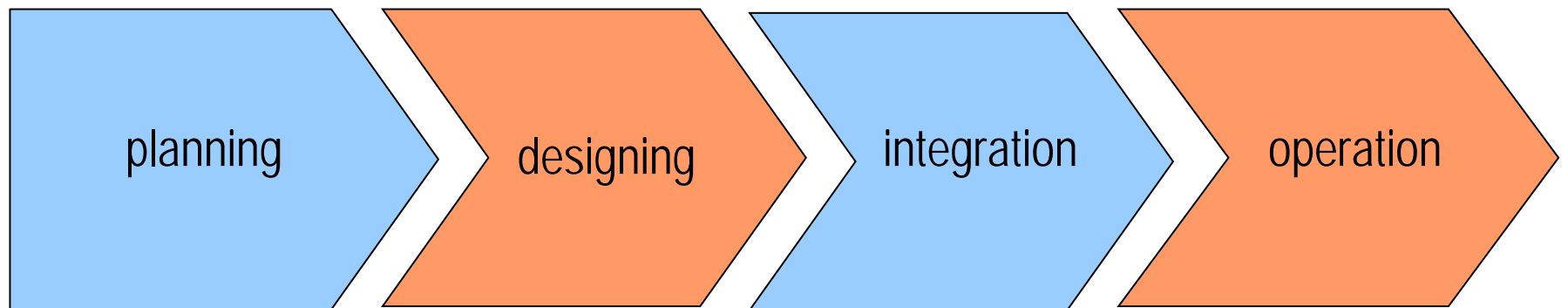
about us

- Software Production company founded 2001
 - mostly J2EE
 - logistics
 - telco
 - media and publishing
- customers expect full lifecycle support
 - hardware resale
 - datacenter and network
 - 3rd party software



project lifecycle

- consulting
- specification
- documentation
- feasibility studies
- J2EE
- php
- database
- Hardware
- SW-Licenses
- Installation
- Benchmarking
- Tuning
- Monitoring
- Support
- Updates
- Backups



portrix
systems

M EEDIA

blau

Mobilfunk GmbH

ANRUFDIREKT
predictive dialing by call

E
EDEKA

VR VIRTUALREEL

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SevenSeas International Publishing Agency

LichtBlick
die Zukunft der Energie

apo-rot®
Ihre VersandApotheke

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EatSmarter!

Kolle Rebbe

LFI
LEICA FOTOGRAFIE INTERNATIONAL

Commercial
Film Service

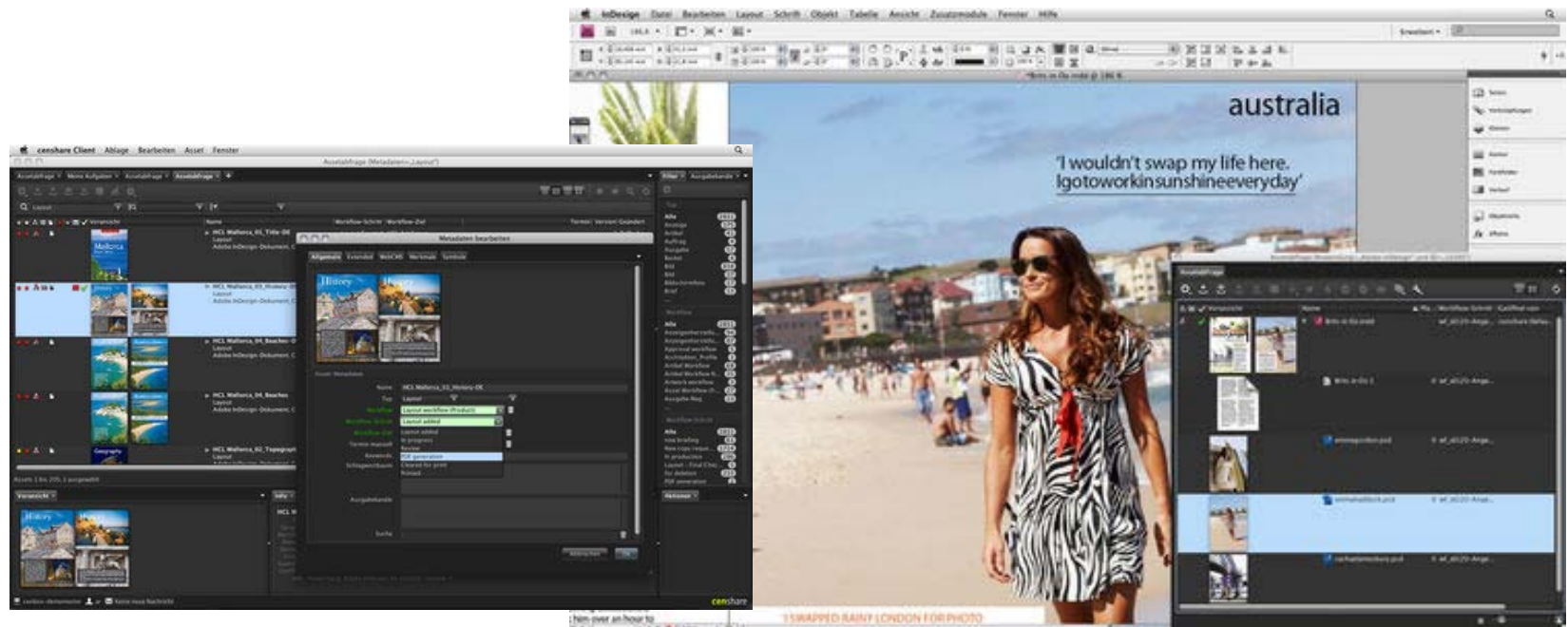
JUNG v. MATT

7-seas

- global publishing system
 - document management
 - translation
 - timing control

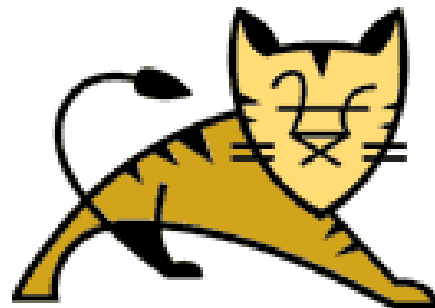


censhare
GLOBAL PUBLISHING



7-seas

- client/server based system
 - JAVA application Server
 - Oracle Database
 - Apache Tomcat Webserver



the challenge

- deploy and run this multi-tiered system
 - cost-effectively
 - 3rd party licenses
 - hardware
 - operating costs
 - but stay flexible to scale with demand
 - and have a plan for recovery

Why virtualize?

- Consolidation saves resources, money
- Flexible deployment and scaling
- Oracle hard partitioning saves licensing
- availability (better to have one SPOF than many)
- poor-man's flashback
- poor-man's compression
- cheap and easy cloning

Consolidate

- many systems are running at low utilization
 - you might not even know the impact on subsystems at launch
- systems get more and faster cores all the time
 - but not all workflows do, too
- energy costs increasing

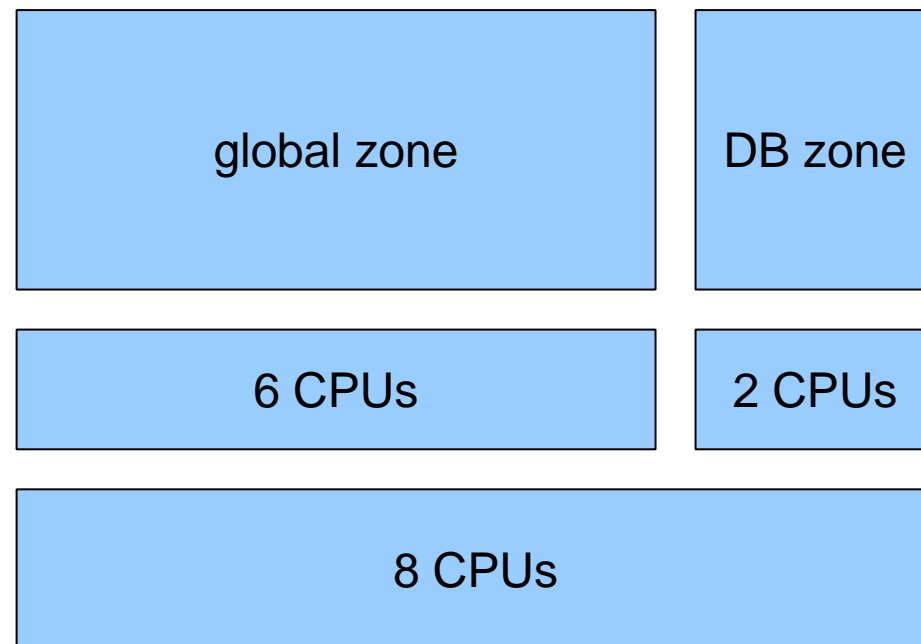


Flexible Deployment

- deploy a system once
- in a virtual environment
- then, move it across servers to scale
- start smart, scale hard
 - initial deployment on single box with multiple VMs
 - scale out by distributing VMs across nodes when needed
- easy cloning of environments
- in case of HW failure restore VM to another box

Oracle License Partitioning

- Only pay for the CPUs/Cores you actually use
- requires 'hard' partitioning
- grow/scale easily – buy new license and enable cores



Solutions

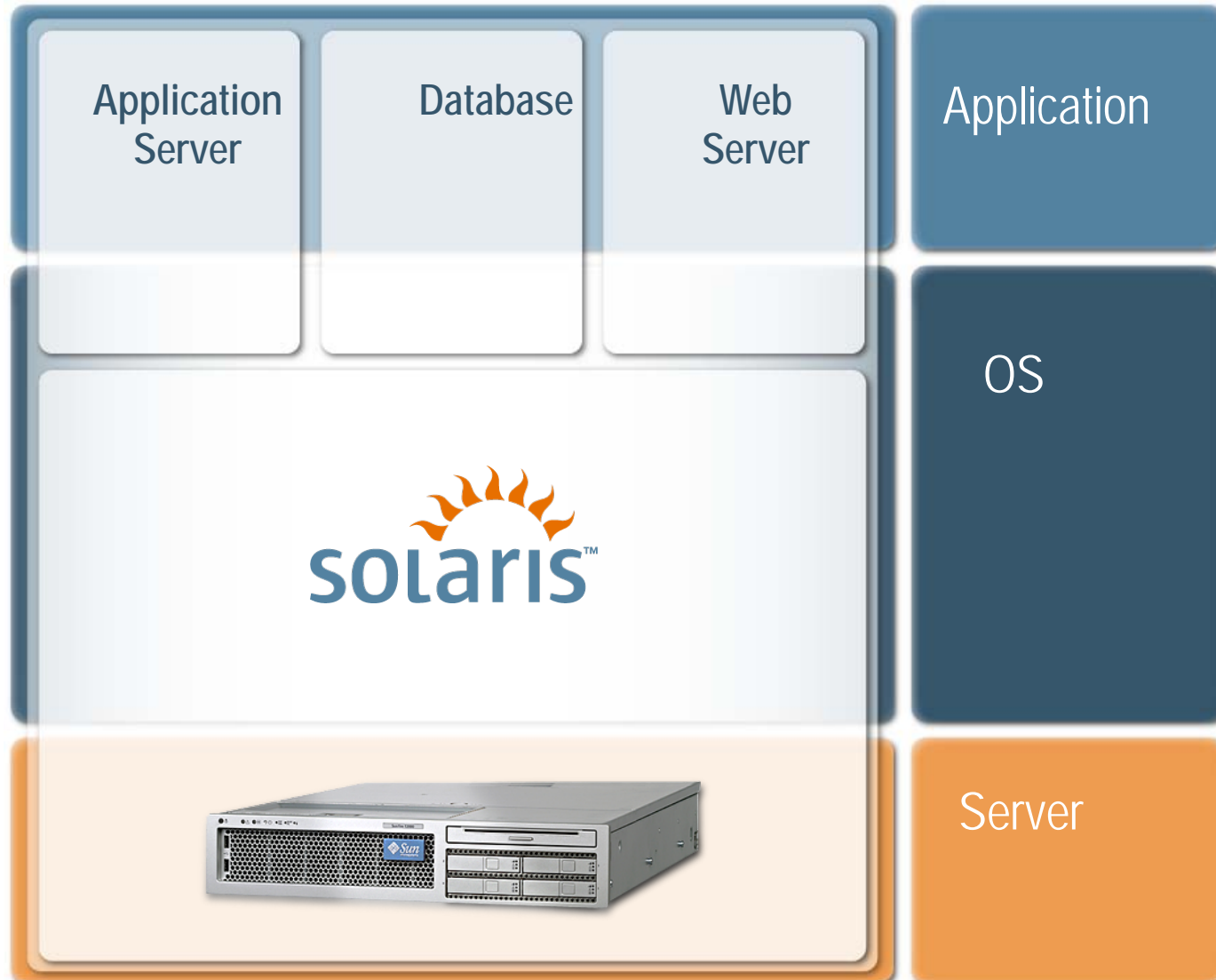
- VMware
 - possible issues with support and licensing
- LDom, vPar, nPar, LPAR, DSD
 - vendor- and hardware specific / non-x86
- Oracle VM
 - XEN hypervisor, typically used with OEL as guest OS
 - great for large-scale deployments
- Oracle Solaris Containers
 - native to Solaris, no extra software needed

Containers

- Virtualization built into kernel – no installation, no costs
 - Resource Management
 - provides namespace, security and fault isolation
- runs on Solaris x86/x64 and SPARC
- no/minimal overhead
 - no hypervisor necessary
 - no special hardware needed
- mobility: detach/attach and clone
- Oracle supported and hard partitioning possible



Oracle Solaris Zones



container config

- global zone – this is the default/main OS instance
- local zone – these are the virtualized environments
 - own IP (and possibly interface)
 - sparse root zone
 - parts of directory structure (/usr, /lib ...) inherited from global zone
 - read-only in zone, saves storage space
 - full root zone
 - full directory structure is copied to zone
 - better control over patches in zone

advanced config

- shared/private IP
- mapping devices / filesystems
- resource capping – container
- migration between servers
- branded zones (linux or solaris 9)

step-by-step installation

- install Solaris 10 or 11
 - zones, resource management and zfs already included
- create zfs and zone(s)
- install oracle into zone
- PLEASE TRY THIS AT HOME!

Demo

- zonecfg
- installation

```
root@hermes:~# zonecfg -z orallg
orallg: No such zone configured
Use 'create' to begin configuring a new zone.
zonecfg:orallg> create
zonecfg:orallg> set zonepath=/zp03/zones/orallg
zonecfg:orallg> set autoboot=true
zonecfg:orallg> add capped-cpu
zonecfg:orallg:capped-cpu> set ncpus=1
zonecfg:orallg:capped-cpu> end
zonecfg:orallg> add net
zonecfg:orallg:net> set address=192.168.42.79
zonecfg:orallg:net> set physical=e1000g0
zonecfg:orallg:net> end
zonecfg:orallg>
```

```
zonecfg:orallg> info
zonename: orallg
zonepath: /zp03/zones/orallg
brand: native
autoboot: true
bootargs:
pool:
limitpriv:
scheduling-class:
ip-type: shared
inherit-pkg-dir:
    dir: /lib
inherit-pkg-dir:
    dir: /platform
inherit-pkg-dir:
    dir: /sbin
inherit-pkg-dir:
    dir: /usr
net:
    address: 192.168.42.79
    physical: e1000g0
    defrouter not specified
capped-cpu:
    [ncpus: 1.00]
rctl:
    name: zone.cpu-cap
    value: (priv=privileged,limit=100,action=deny)
zonecfg:orallg> verify
zonecfg:orallg> commit
zonecfg:orallg> exit
```

```
root@hermes:~# zoneadm -z orallg verify  
WARNING: /zp03/zones/orallg does not exist, so it could  
not be verified.  
When 'zoneadm install' is run, 'install' will try to  
create  
/zp03/zones/orallg, and 'verify' will be tried again,  
but the 'verify' may fail if:  
the parent directory of /zp03/zones/orallg is group- or  
other-writable  
or  
/zp03/zones/orallg overlaps with any other installed  
zones.
```

```
root@hermes:~# zoneadm -z orallg install
```

```
A ZFS file system has been created for this zone.
```

```
Preparing to install zone <orallg>.
```

```
Creating list of files to copy from the global zone.
```

```
Copying <147436> files to the zone.
```

```
Initializing zone product registry.
```

```
Determining zone package initialization order.
```

```
Preparing to initialize <1504> packages on the zone.
```

```
Initialized <1504> packages on zone.
```

```
Zone <orallg> is initialized.
```

```
The file
```

```
</zp03/zones/orallg/root/var/sadm/system/logs/install_log>
```

```
contains a log of the zone installation.
```


```
root@hermes:~# zoneadm -z orallg boot  
root@hermes:~# zlogin -C orallg
```

now, you get the 'normal' postinstall questions.
language, hostname, root-pw, timezone ...

DEMO

- zoneadm boot
- prstat -Z
- ps -Z

ZFS

- ships for free with solaris – no installation needed
- new and innovative FS, Volume Manager
 - snapshots/clones
 - compression
 - quotas
 - raid
 - bootable  new
 - share with NFS or iSCSI
- enhances manageability in combination with zones

Oracle datafiles on ZFS

- might not perform as well as ASM
- but taking snapshots of the whole database is amazing
 - fast and deduplicated DB cloning
 - poor-man's flashback database
 - poor-man's compression
 - backup/recovery

demo

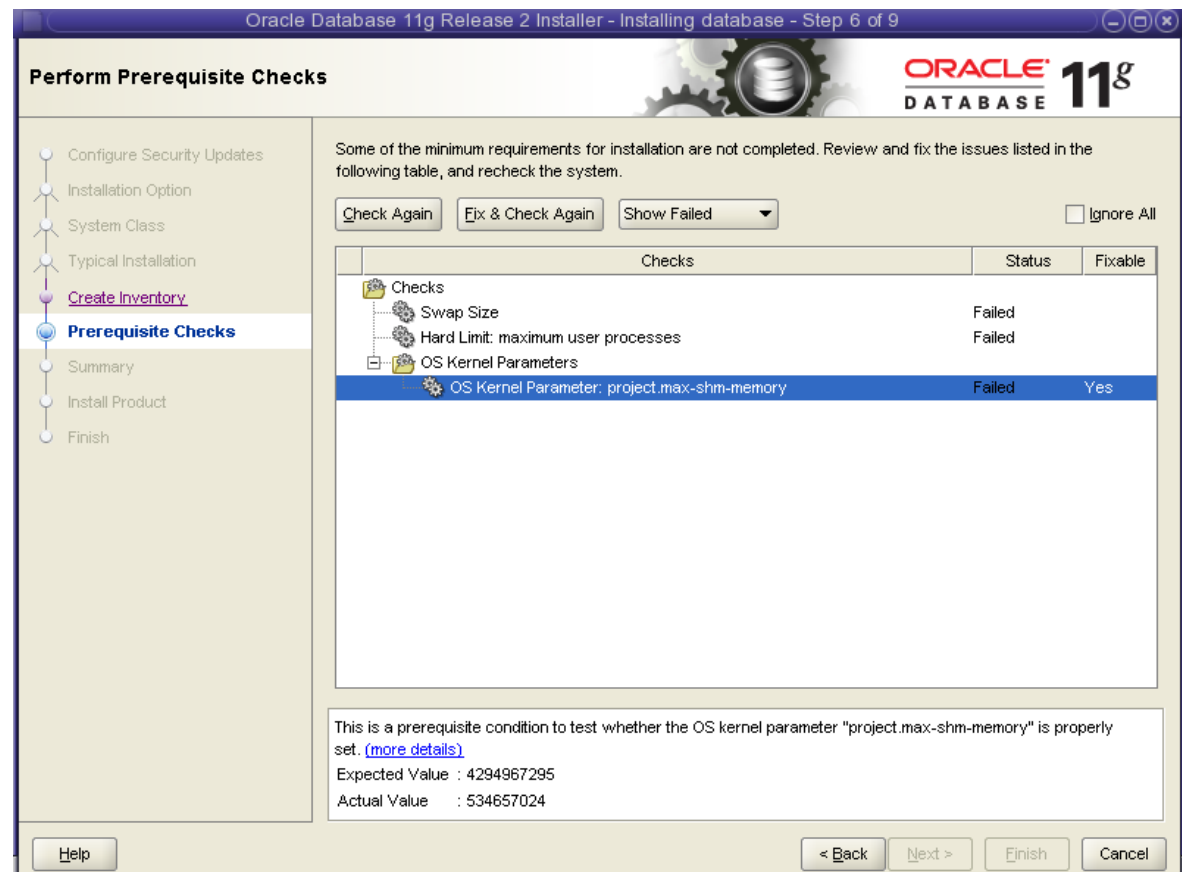
- snapshot
- cloning
- poor man's flashback

licenses needed

- Solaris (already included in OPS with SUN hardware)
 - enterprise OS
 - zfs file system and volume manager
 - container virtualization
 - dTrace profiler
- Oracle
 - only for cores actually used

known issues

- performance management
- limitpriv
 - proc_prioctl
 - proc_lock_memory
- limit netservices
- kernel parameters
- ro /usr



Solaris 11

- Solaris 10 branded zones
- no more sparse root zones
 - but IPS will change deployments anyway
 - even more flexibility!
- crossbow – network virtualization

Thank you!

questions?